

- From 2001 to 2011, school funding from Rocky River property taxes has gone up by 44.8% and school funding from all tax sources has increased by 56.8%.
- As household income grew by 26% and inflation increased by 24.2% since 2001, teacher pay jumped by 55% and total spending rose by 51.5%, with current and future compensation costs swallowing 83% to 85% of all spending.
- For fewer than 185 days of work, teachers on average already make \$73,950. If they worked a full 260-day work year like most Ohioans, their current hourly rate would equate to a median salary of \$102,374.
- Spending goes up every year but one year from 2009 to 2016, averaging 3.2% per year from 2011 to 2016.

Assessed Home Value	\$100,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$600,000	\$700,000	\$800,000	\$900,000	\$1,000,000
Tax Hike	\$150	\$300	\$450	\$600	\$750	\$900	\$1,050	\$1,201	\$1,351	\$1,501

Percent Change	Fiscal Data 2001 to 2011	Teacher Data 2001 to 2011	Percent Change	
↑ 56.8%	School Funding from All Taxes	Number of Students	↑ 5.7%	
1 44.8%	School Funding from Property Taxes	Number of Full-Time Teachers	↑ 4.8%	
↑ 51.5%	Total Spending	Average Teacher Salary	↑ 55% (\$47,700 to \$73,950)	
↑ 42.8%	Per Pupil Spending	Days Worked (Out of 185)	↓ -0.9% (178.61 to 177.09)	
↑ 26% (\$51,635 to \$65,055)	Median Household Income	Annualized Median Teacher Salary (hourly rate for 260 day work year)	\$102,374	

All data comes from the Ohio Department of Taxation, the Ohio Department of Education, the U.S. Census Bureau, and Rocky River City Schools. For detailed charts, please visit www.opportunityohio.org/book-2. To determine your tax hike amount, divide your home's assessed value by \$100,000 and then multiple that answer by \$150. To determine your tax hike percentage increase, locate the amount of your property taxes that go to the school district on your property tax bill. Divide your total tax hike amount by the amount currently paid to the school district.