

Northwest Local Schools

- From 2001 to 2011, school funding from property taxes has gone up by 10.8% and school funding from all tax sources has increased by 17.6%.
- As household income grew by 19.2% and inflation increased by 24.2% since 2001, teacher pay jumped by 32.9% and total spending rose by 24.2%, with current and future compensation costs swallowing 80% to 81% of all spending.
- For fewer than 185 days of work, teachers on average already make \$57,128. If they worked a full 260-day work year like most Ohioans, their current hourly rate would equate to a median salary of \$84,649.
- Spending goes up every year but two years from 2009 to 2016, averaging 3.1% per year from 2013 to 2016.

Assessed Home Value	\$100,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$400,000	\$500,000	\$600,000	\$700,000	\$800,000	\$900,000	\$1,000,000
Tax Hike	\$152	\$303	\$455	\$606	\$758	\$910	\$1,061	\$1,213	\$1,364	\$1,516

Percent Change	Fiscal Data 2001 to 2011	Teacher Data 2001 to 2011	Percent Change	
↑ 17.6%	School Funding from All Taxes	Number of Students	Ψ -9.0%	
↑ 10.8%	School Funding from Property Taxes	Number of Full-Time Teachers	Ψ -12.1%	
↑ 24.2%	Total Spending	Average Teacher Salary	↑ 32.9% (\$42,982 to \$57,128)	
↑ 35.7%	Per Pupil Spending	Days Worked (Out of 185)	Ψ -1.6% (178.25 to 175.47)	
↑19.2% (\$45,306 to \$54,005)	Median Household Income	Annualized Median Teacher Salary (hourly rate for 260 day work year)	\$84,649	

All data comes from the Ohio Department of Taxation, the Ohio Department of Education, the U.S. Census Bureau, and Northwest Local Schools. For detailed charts, please visit www.opportunityohio.org/book-2. To determine your tax hike amount, divide your home's assessed value by \$100,000 and then multiple that answer by \$152. To determine your tax hike percentage increase, locate the amount of your property taxes that go to the school district on your property tax bill. Divide your total tax hike amount by the amount currently paid to the school district.